

Alaska

S1903. Median Income in the Past 12 Months (In 2009 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars)

Data Set: 2009 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Survey: American Community Survey

NOTE: For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

Subject	Total	Margin of Error	Median income (dollars)	Margin of Error
HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER				
Households	236,597	+/-2,353	66,953	+/-2,331
One race--				
White	75.7%	+/-1.0	73,383	+/-2,312
Black or African American	3.8%	+/-0.5	52,294	+/-9,415
American Indian and Alaska Native	10.6%	+/-0.7	45,439	+/-2,609
Asian	3.4%	+/-0.4	68,750	+/-10,476
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	N	N	73,868	+/-24,041
Some other race	1.6%	+/-0.5	51,221	+/-9,518
Two or more races	4.6%	+/-0.6	46,626	+/-8,026
Hispanic or Latino origin (of any race)				
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino	73.1%	+/-1.0	73,531	+/-2,422
HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER				
15 to 24 years	6.2%	+/-0.7	46,355	+/-6,323
25 to 44 years	36.9%	+/-1.2	66,852	+/-3,027
45 to 64 years	43.8%	+/-1.1	78,707	+/-4,316
65 years and over	13.2%	+/-0.6	47,296	+/-3,392
FAMILIES				
Families	159,940	+/-3,646	79,934	+/-2,485
With own children under 18 years	50.0%	+/-1.8	71,540	+/-4,143
With no own children under 18 years	50.0%	+/-1.8	87,587	+/-1,978
Married-couple families	74.5%	+/-1.6	89,949	+/-2,104
Female householder, no husband present	16.9%	+/-1.4	36,943	+/-3,755
Male householder, no wife present	8.6%	+/-1.1	49,883	+/-9,070
NONFAMILY HOUSEHOLDS				
Nonfamily households	76,657	+/-3,236	43,789	+/-2,388
Female householder	46.6%	+/-2.5	39,592	+/-2,658
Living alone	37.5%	+/-2.2	33,510	+/-2,820
Not living alone	9.1%	+/-1.8	67,423	+/-7,335
Male householder	53.4%	+/-2.5	47,092	+/-3,050
Living alone	40.5%	+/-2.6	40,027	+/-4,725
Not living alone	13.0%	+/-2.0	78,436	+/-7,488
PERCENT IMPUTED				
Household income in the past 12 months	20.8%	(X)	(X)	(X)
Family income in the past 12 months	21.5%	(X)	(X)	(X)
Nonfamily income in the past 12 months	17.3%	(X)	(X)	(X)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

.The methodology for calculating median income and median earnings changed between 2008 and 2009. Medians over \$75,000 were most likely affected. The underlying income and earning distribution now uses \$2,500 increments up to \$250,000 for households, non-family households, families, and individuals and employs a linear interpolation method for median calculations. Before 2009 the highest income category was \$200,000 for households, families and non-family households (\$100,000 for individuals) and portions of the income and earnings distribution contained intervals wider than \$2,500. Those cases used a Pareto Interpolation Method.

.While the 2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

.Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An 'N' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.